

IMPORTANT, RETAIN FOR FUTURE REFERENCE: READ CAREFULLY

TOOLS AND MATERIALS REQUIRED

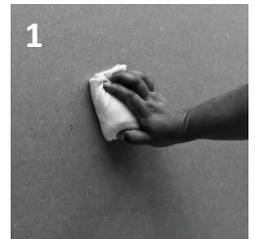
- Oil based primer
- Manual tile saw
- Utility knife
- Tape measure
- Level
- Dry cloth
- Safety glasses
- Pencil
- Spray bottle
- Polyurethane construction adhesive (optional)

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

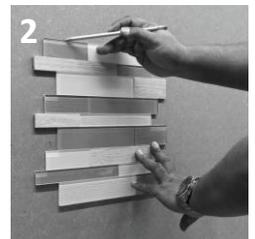
- Do not install as flooring or on the ceiling; this is for wall installation only.
- Do not install in a shower.
- Do not install outdoors.
- Do not install on any porous surfaces including stucco, brick, stone, unpainted drywall, or plywood.
- Do not install where the tile would be submerged in water, or where it would be in direct contact with flames or steam.
- Install any trim or profile strips before installing the mosaic wall tile.
- Prior to installation, do not store peel-and-stick mosaic wall tiles outside, in damp locations, or in contact with direct sunlight, as it should be stored in a cold, dry location.
- Inspect each tile prior to installation.
- Make sure the surface is leveled and clean prior to installation. Peel-and-stick mosaic wall tile can be installed over drywall or plaster substrates, provided that they are properly prepared. Do not install over a plywood substrate.
- It is necessary to apply a coat of oil-based primer to the wall prior to installation. Do not use latex, vinyl, or PVA (polyvinyl acetate) based primers, as these can cause the adhesive on the backer to fail.
- Peel and stick wall tiles are very difficult to remove once they have been adhered to the wall. Plan the placement and orientation of the tiles before installation to avoid errors.
- A polyurethane construction adhesive may be used to reinforce the installation by peeling away the paper backing, and applying the construction adhesive to the back of the tile.
- If the tile is not installed correctly, quickly remove it and replace.

INSTALLATION

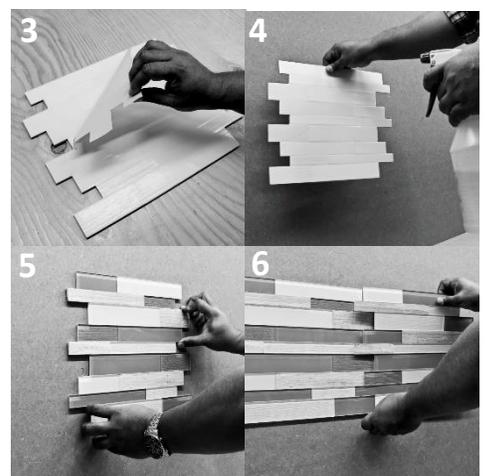
1. **Image 1.** Using a dry cloth, ensure the walls are free of grease, dirt, dust, and moisture. Any areas of the wall that are damaged, loose, or uneven must be repaired, patched, leveled, and primed prior to installation. Apply a high-quality, oil-based primer to the substrate, following the manufacturer's instructions.



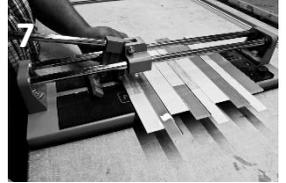
2. **Image 2.** Plan the placement of the tiles on your wall before beginning the installation. Consider the pattern you want to achieve, and ensure that the mosaic sheets are placed according to this pattern. We recommend placing the first mosaic sheet in the centre or near the centre of the wall. Draw guidelines using a pencil to help guide your installation. The first tile should be placed at the centre or near the centre of the wall, keeping in mind that the last tiles in each row should ideally be wider than half a tile.



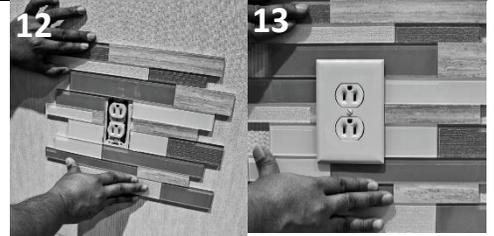
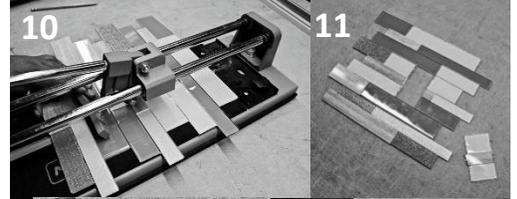
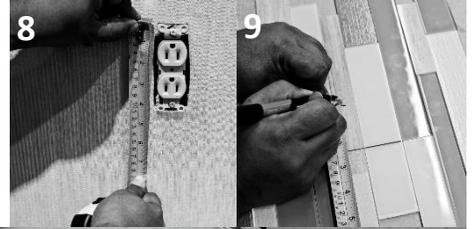
3. **Images 3 - 6.** Before placing a tile, always fit the tile on the wall with the paper backer still applied to ensure the correct positioning. Peel away the paper backing of the mosaic tile exposing the adhesive, and then immediately apply a light mist of water on the backing using a spray bottle at a distance of approximately 30 cm (1 ft). Using the installation guidelines that were drawn on the wall, immediately apply the tile to the wall starting with either the top left or right corners. You will have a maximum of 5 seconds to adjust the position of the tile. Once satisfied, hold it in place, and press the entire tile into place using your hands, until it is laid completely flat against the wall (with no bumps), and until you are satisfied that it is firmly in place. Polyurethane construction adhesive may be used to reinforce the installation. Throughout the installation, it is important to make sure the backer is not stretched out, as this will distort the pattern of the tiles. If installing the product in a humid area (such as a bathroom), please wait 48 hours after the installation is complete, before making the area humid again.



4. **Image 7.** If you need to cut a mosaic sheet, begin by cutting the tile from the front using a manual tile saw. As much as possible, make sure the mosaic tile sheets are cut between the chips on the tile, as it is more difficult to cut individual glass chips. Please use a manual tile saw to cut through both glass and stone chips.



5. **Images 8 - 13.** To install mosaic tile around an obstacle such as a light fixture or an electrical socket, remove the cover of the fixture or socket, and measure the height and width of the obstacle. Mark the measurements on the front and back of the tile. On the front of the tile, cut out the shape of the obstacle using a manual tile saw. On the back of the tile, cut through the adhesive backing using the utility knife. Once both sides of the tile are accurately cut in the shape of the obstacle, gently push out the piece that has been cut, leaving a hole (of the size of the obstacle) in the tile. If the piece cannot be removed with a gentle push, it is possible that a deeper cut may need to be made with the manual tile saw. DO NOT try to force the piece out of place, as you risk damaging the tile. Once effectively cut, hold the sheet up to the wall to ensure that it fits, and proceed to install the tile as per step 3 of the Installation process. Once correctly installed around the obstacle, proceed with the rest of the installation accordingly.



MAINTENANCE AND CARE

Glass and stone tiles can be routinely cleaned with any non-abrasive cleaning compound or formula that is recommended for glass and stone tiles. DO NOT use acid based products to clean your mosaic wall tile as this may affect its integrity. Follow manufacturer's instructions when using these products.

For assistance with assembly or installation, please contact our Technical Support Department by email at techsupport@goldenselect.ca or by telephone at 1 800 267 3183. For parts and customer service, please email info@goldenselect.ca or visit www.goldenselect.ca.